

Piston seizure, with severe damage to the top land



Symptom: Loss of power. Engine noise. Fumes from the engine breather.

Cause: Exceptionally high combustion temperature. Malfunction of piston oil cooling jets (in engine incorporating this equipment.) These cause seizure close to the piston crown, which may result in piston ring damage and progression of seizure down the piston skirt.

Remedy: Check adjustment of fuel injection equipment and correct as necessary. Rectify or replace damaged cylinder components. Ensure any piston under crown cooling jets are functioning correctly.

Erosion of piston skirt adjacent to piston pin hole. Damage to cylinder bore



Symptom: Engine noise. Oil consumption. **Cause:** Incorrect assembly of circlip. Fitting of used circlips. End pressure transmitted via the piston pin, possibly associated with connecting rod misalignment, tapered crank journals, or excessive crankshaft end loat. Foreign material assembled in piston pin bore. **Remedy:** Correct any cylinder bore damage. Check or and correct any connecting rod or small end bush misalignment. Check for and correct any crankshaft end float. Replace piston assembly, ensuring that the circlips are correctly located.

Piston ring land fracture



like aerosols

Fracture of cylinder liner in the under flange area



Symptom: Combustion gases ventilating to coolant, Engine noise, Eventual destruction of liner. **Cause:** Incorrect distribution of pressures on liner flange as may be caused by: Cylinder block distortion. Incorrect tightening of cylinder head studs. Misaligned block counter bore. Foreign material assembled under flange.Incorrect location of cylinder head gaskets. ncorrect liner assembly procedures. Incorrect or non-approved gasket. Incorrect reworking of the flange seat, if applicable. **Remedy:** Establish cause and take corrective action. Replace cylinder liner and any other affected components.

Cracks radiating from the combustion bowl



Symptom: Cannot be detected during normal engine operation.

Cause: High temps due to faulty cooling system, excessive engine brake use, insufficient piston cooling, use of pistons with incorrect specifications. **Remedy:** Replace damaged components.

Piston seizure, with severe damage concentrated in the lower area of piston skirt



engine breather. seals in the grooves.

ENGINE EXPERTISE



TROUBLE TRACER CHART DIESEL CYLINDER COMPONENT

Symptom: Loss of power. Oil consumption. Emission of fumes from engine breather.

Cause: Leaking injectors or injectors with poor atomization. Compression pressure too low due to incorrect head gasket, leaking valves, or worn piston rings. Improper or excessive use of starting aids

Remedy: Establish cause and take remedial action. Replace piston assembly. Prevent engine overspeed. Change oil and oil filter.

Piston ring scuffing, or localised areas of piston ring seizure



Symptom: Oil consumption, with possible fumes from engine breather.

Cause: Excessive cylinder surface temperature. Marginal lubrication, particularly during early engine life. Cylinder bore distortion.

Remedy: Rectify any cylinder bore damage. Replace piston rings, also the piston, if necessary. Ensure the complete engine lubrication system is fully primed (oil pump, filter, etc.) Observe running in procedures as recommended by the engine manufacturer



Symptom: Loss of power. Engine noise. Fumes from

Cause: Use of unsuitable liner sealing ring, use of additional sealant with liner sealing ring, leftover debris from old oil

Remedy: Inspect cylinder bores and coolant circulation.

Correct as necessary. Replace damaged cylinder components.

Erosion and burning of piston crown

Cylinder liner bore distortion. Scuffing or seizure of piston and piston rings. Carbon deposits on outside of cylinder liner



Symptom: Loss of power, emission of fumes from engine breather. Exhaust smoke. **Cause:** Incorrect fuel injection, injection timing, over

fuelling, damaged or incorrectly located injector. **Remedy:** Inspect and correct fuel injection equipment and timing. Check and correct any damage to cylinder bore. Replace piston.





Illustration of Monosteel Piston technology







Pitting and erosion of liner outer surface

Symptom: Loss of coolant.

Cause: Incorrect piston to liner clearance, poor seating of the liner in the bore, use of unsuitable coolants, engine operating temp too low.

Remedy: Clean and check sealing ring grooves and contact areas. Replace cylinder liner. Ensure that the coolant system is operating at the correct pressure. Use coolant inhibitors as recommended by the engine manufacturer.



